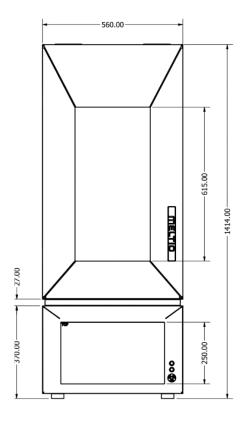
## MELTIO

### Technical Datasheet Meltio M450



Dimensions (W\*D\*H): 560\*600\*1400mm

Weight: 250kg

Laser Type: multiple 200W direct diode lasers

Enclosure: laser-safe, sealed, controlled atmosphere

**Power Input:** 208/230V single phase or 400V three phase

Interface: USB, ethernet, wireless datalink **Print Envelope (X\*Y\*Z):** 150\*170\*425mm

Laser Power: 1200W

Laser Wavelength: 976nm

**Process Control:** closed-loop laser and wire modulation

**Power Consumption:** 2-5kW peak depending on selected options

**Cooling:** active water-cooled chiller included

### Materials

Wire Materials:<br/>stainless steel, carbon<br/>steel, titanium alloys,<br/>inconelPowder<br/>stainless<br/>steel, ind

In development: copper, aluminum

Wire Feedstock: 0.8-1.2mm diameter

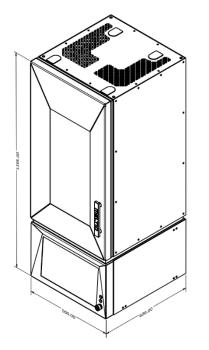
Wire Feeds: up to two K300 spools **Powder Materials\*:** stainless steel, carbon steel, inconel

In development: copper

**Powder Feedstock:** 49 to 90µm particle size

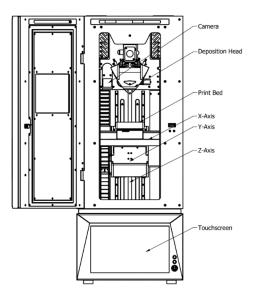
**Powder Feeds:** multiple plug and play powder feeders

\*Powder deposition in DED systems result in contamination of equipment surfaces requiring thorough cleaning. To reduce powder contamination, its recommended to reserve powder deposition for printing fine details, creating new alloys and generating material functional gradients. For health and safety, Meltio recommends only using wire feedstock for 3D printing reactive materials such as titanium and aluminum alloys.



## MELTIO

### Technical Datasheet Meltio M450



# Upgrades and Accessories

#### Hot Wire:

programmable power supply that preheats the material before it enters the melt pool.

### **Dual Wire:**

this option allows to 3D print two wire materials sequentially with very quick wire switches.

#### **Powder Feeder:**

necessary to 3D print from powder feedstock, unlocks on the fly metal alloying.

#### Station:

sturdy wheeled stand made from stainless steel and aluminum. Contains tool and material drawers.